

ABSTRACT

A liquid crystal display having: a liquid crystal display panel in which a plurality of pixels are two-dimensionally arranged at intersecting points of gate lines as many as a plurality of rows and signal lines as many as a plurality of columns which are wired in a matrix shape; and a plurality of driver ICs for applying a signal potential to each pixel of the liquid crystal display panel through the signal lines of a plurality of columns, wherein the number of output pins of each of a plurality of driver ICs is set to the measure of the total number of signal lines of a plurality of columns, thereby preventing that a fraction occurs in the signal lines.